NAPCO

Safety Data Sheet

Issue Date: 01-Mar-2009 Revision Date: 24-Nov-2017 Version 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name NAPCO Industrial Aerosol Paint Remover

Other means of identification

SDS # NAP00001R

UN/ID No UN1950

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Used for kitchen and bath refinishing.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer Address

North America Polymer Company, Ltd.

7315 Hamlin Ave Skokie, IL 60076 USA

Emergency Telephone Number

Company Phone Number 800-888-1081 / 847-779-6464

Emergency Telephone (24 hr) INFOTRAC 1-352-323-3500 (International)

1-800-535-5053 (North America)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance Aerosols Yellow to orange

clinging liquid

Physical state Aerosol

Odor strong organic

Classification

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 1
Flammable Aerosols	Category 1
Gases Under Pressure	Compressed Gas

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard statements

Harmful if swallowed Suspected of causing cancer Causes damage to organs Extremely flammable aerosol

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated



Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source

Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Rinse mouth

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place

Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Unknown Acute Toxicity

NOTE: Acute Toxicity classifications / calculations are approximates

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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Please also refer to subsequent sections of this SDS for additional information regarding the components of this product.

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	60-100
Hydrocarbon Propellant	68476-86-8	10-20
Methanol	67-56-1	1-5

^{**}If Chemical Name/CAS No is "proprietary" and/or Weight-% is listed as a range, the specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.**

The concentration range values for the liquid ingredients do not reflect the dilution of the propellant in the container. The concentration values are for the liquid concentrate only.

	4. FIRST AID MEASURES
First Aid Measures	
General Advice	Provide this SDS to medical personnel for treatment.
Eye Contact	Immediately flush with plenty of water for up to 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention if adverse effect occurs.
Skin Contact	Immediately begin flushing skin continuously for a minimum of 15 minutes. Remove exposed or contaminated clothing, taking care not to contaminate eyes. Seek immediate

medical attention if adverse effect occurs.

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If

necessary, use artificial respiration to support vital functions. If symptoms persist, call a

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physician.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. If conscious give 2 glasses of water to dilute. Never give anything by mouth to

an unconscious person. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms and effects

Symptoms Causes skin irritation. Causes eye irritation. The mixture will irritate the mucous membrane

if ingested and could be fatal. Vapor causes irritation to nasal and respiratory passages.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS METHANOL AND METHYLENE CHLORIDE. Methanol is

metabolized to formaldehyde and formic acid. These metabolites may cause metabolic acidosis, visual disturbances, and blindness. Since metabolism is required for these toxic symptoms, their onset may be delayed from 6 to 30 hours following ingestion. Ethanol competes for the same metabolic pathway and has been used as an antidote. Methanol is effectively removed by hemodialysis. Adrenalin should never be given to a person overexposed to methylene chloride. This material sensitizes the heart to the effects of sympathomimetic amines. Epinephrine and other sympathomimetic drugs may initiate cardiac arrhythmia in individuals exposed to this material. This material is metabolized to carbon monoxide. Consequently, elevations in carboxyhemoglobin as high as 50% have been reported, and levels may continue to rise for several hours after exposure has ceased. Data in experimental animals suggest there is a narrow margin between concentrations

causing anesthesia and death.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Foam, Dry Chemical, Carbon Dioxide. Water may be used ONLY to keep surrounding containers cool.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Aerosols are under pressure. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks, and open flame. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. Overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard although symptoms may not be immediately apparent, obtain medical attention. Contact of liquid or vapor with flame or hot surfaces will produce toxic gases and a corrosive residue that will cause deterioration of metal.

Hazardous Combustion Products Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Water spray may be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions Wear suitable gloves, goggles and apron. In case of a spill, clear the affected area and

protect people. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in

immediate area).

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See

Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. A vapor suppressing foam may be used

to reduce vapors. Soak up and contain spill with an inert (i.e. vermiculite, dry sand or earth)

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absorbent material.

Methods for Clean-Up Use non-sparking hand tools and explosion-proof electrical equipment. Sweep up and

shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Discard any product, residue, disposable

container or liner in full compliance with federal, state, and local regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been Advice on Safe Handling

read and understood. Replace over cap on container after every use. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Pressurized container: Do

not pierce or burn, even after use.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep mixture in a cool, dry place away from everyone such as children, food, feed and Storage Conditions

domestic animals. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store as Level 1 Aerosol (NFPA

30B). Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F.

Incompatible Materials Incompatible with strong acids and bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrogen peroxides.

Chemically reactive metals such as aluminum and magnesium. Sodium. Potassium. Nitric

acid. Water. Strong caustics. Strong alkalis. Oxygen.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION **Exposure Guidelines**

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Methylene chloride 75-09-2	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 25 ppm (vacated) TWA: 500 ppm (vacated) STEL: 2000 ppm 5 min in any 3 h (vacated) Ceiling: 1000 ppm STEL: 125 ppm see 29 CFR 1910.1052	IDLH: 2300 ppm
Methanol 67-56-1	STEL: 250 ppm TWA: 200 ppm S*	TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 260 mg/m³ (vacated) TWA: 200 ppm (vacated) TWA: 260 mg/m³ (vacated) STEL: 250 ppm (vacated) STEL: 325 mg/m³ (vacated) STEL: 325 mg/m³	IDLH: 6000 ppm TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 260 mg/m ³ STEL: 250 ppm STEL: 325 mg/m ³

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Ventilation must

be adequate to maintain the ambient workplace atmosphere below the exposure limit(s) outlined in the SDS. Do not use in areas where vapors can accumulate and concentrate, such as basements, bathrooms or small enclosed areas. Whenever possible, use outdoors in an open air area. If using indoors open all windows and doors and maintain a cross ventilation of moving fresh air across the work area. If strong odor is noticed or you experience slight dizziness, headache, nausea or eye-watering -- STOP -- ventilation is inadequate. Leave area immediately and move to fresh air. For operations where contact can occur, a safety shower and an eye wash facility should be available.

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Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/Face Protection Tight fitting chemical goggles and face shield. Refer to 29 CFR 1910.133 for eye and face

protection regulations.

Skin and Body ProtectionWear gloves with as much resistance to the chemical ingredients as possible. Laminate film

gloves offer the best protection. Other glove materials, such as nitrile rubber, will be degraded by methylene chloride, but may provide protection for some amount of time, based on the type of glove and the conditions of use. Consult your glove supplier for additional information. Gloves contaminated with product should be discarded and not reused. Suitable protective clothing. Refer to 29 CFR 1910.138 for appropriate skin and

body protection.

Respiratory Protection If respiratory protection is needed, use only protection authorized in the U.S. Federal OSHA

Standard (29CFR 1910.134), applicable U.S. State regulations, or the Canadian CSA Standard Z94.4-93 and applicable standards of Canadian Provinces. Oxygen levels below 19.5% are considered IDLH by OSHA. In such atmospheres, use of a full-facepiece pressure/demand SCBA or a full facepiece, supplied air respirator with auxiliary self-contained air supply is required under OSHA's Respiratory Protection Standard (1910.134-

1998).

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Aerosol

AppearanceAerosols Yellow to orange clingingOdorstrong organic

liquid

Color Yellow to orange Odor Threshold Not determined

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

pH Not determined

Melting Point/Freezing Point No data

Boiling Point/Boiling Range 40 °C / 104 °F

Flash Point < -96.9 °C / < -142.2 °F CC (closed cup)

Evaporation Rate Slower than ether Flammability (Solid, Gas) Not determined

Flammability Limits in Air

Upper Flammability Limits 9.5% Lower Flammability Limit 1.8% Vapor Pressure < 1 Vapor Density > 1

Relative Density Not determined

Water Solubility Slight

Solubility in other solvents
Partition Coefficient
Auto-ignition Temperature
Decomposition Temperature
Kinematic Viscosity
Dynamic Viscosity
Explosive Properties
Not determined
Not determined
Not determined
Not determined
Not determined
Not determined

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Oxidizing Properties Not determined

Other Information

VOC Content (%) 18% By weight Density 10.5 lbs/gal

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Avoid contact with heat, sparks, electric arcs, other hot surfaces and open flames. Contact with incompatible materials. Keep from any possible contact with water.

Incompatible Materials

Incompatible with strong acids and bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrogen peroxides. Chemically reactive metals such as aluminum and magnesium. Sodium. Potassium. Nitric acid. Water. Strong caustics. Strong alkalis. Oxygen.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrogen chloride. Chlorine gas. Small quantities of phosgene.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Eye Contact Avoid contact with eyes.

Skin Contact May cause temporary irritation on skin contact.

Inhalation Do not inhale.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

Component Information

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Methylene chloride	= 1600 mg/kg (Rat)	-	= 53 mg/L (Rat) 6 h = 76000
75-09-2			mg/m³(Rat)4 h
Ethoxylated Nonylphenol	= 1310 mg/kg (Rat) = 2590 mg/kg	= 1780 μL/kg (Rabbit) = 2 mL/kg (-
9016-45-9	(Rat)	Rabbit)	
Methanol	= 6200 mg/kg (Rat)	= 15800 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 64000 ppm (Rat) 4 h = 22500
67-56-1		,	ppm(Rat)8 h

Information on physical, chemical and toxicological effects

Symptoms Please see section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

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Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Methylene chloride	A3	Group 2A	Reasonably Anticipated	X
75-09-2				

Legend

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans

NTP (National Toxicology Program)

Reasonably Anticipated - Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen

OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)

X - Present

STOT - single exposure

Causes damage to organs.

Numerical measures of toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document .

Unknown Acute Toxicity NOTE: Acute Toxicity classifications / calculations are approximates.

ATEmix (oral) 711.00 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal) 6,000.00 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) 10.02 mg/L
ATEmix (inhalation-vapor) 60.00 mg/L

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Component Information

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Methylene chloride	500: 96 h Pseudokirchneriella	193: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus	1532 - 1847: 48 h Daphnia magna
75-09-2	subcapitata mg/L EC50 500: 72 h	mg/L LC50 flow-through 193: 96 h	mg/L EC50 Static 190: 48 h
	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50	Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
	mg/L EC50	static 262 - 855: 96 h Pimephales	
		promelas mg/L LC50 static 140.8 -	
		277.8: 96 h Pimephales promelas	
		mg/L LC50 flow-through	
Methanol		18 - 20: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss	
67-56-1		mL/L LC50 static 28200: 96 h	
		Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50	
		flow-through 100: 96 h Pimephales	
		promelas mg/L LC50 static 13500 -	
		17600: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus	
		mg/L LC50 flow-through 19500 -	
		20700: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss	
		mg/L LC50 flow-through	

Persistence/Degradability

Not determined.

Bioaccumulation

Not determined.

Mobility

Chemical Name	Partition Coefficient
Methylene chloride 75-09-2	1.25
Hydrocarbon Propellant 68476-86-8	<=2.8
Methanol 67-56-1	-0.77

Other Adverse Effects

Not determined

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods

Disposal of Wastes Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate

and approved waste disposal facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance

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with federal, state and local requirements.

Contaminated Packaging Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

US EPA Waste Number

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Methylene chloride	U080	Included in waste streams:		U080
75-09-2		F001, F002, F024, F025,		
		F039, K009, K010, K156,		
		K157, K158		
Methanol		Included in waste stream:		U154
67-56-1		F039		

Chemical Name	RCRA - Halogenated Organic Compounds	RCRA - P Series Wastes	RCRA - F Series Wastes	RCRA - K Series Wastes
Methylene chloride 75-09-2	Category I - Volatiles		Toxic waste waste number F025	
			Waste description:	
			Condensed light ends, spent	
			filters and filter aids, and	
			spent desiccant wastes from	
			the production of certain	
			chlorinated aliphatic	
			hydrocarbons, by free radical	
			catalyzed processes. These	
			chlorinated aliphatic	
			hydrocarbons are those	
			having carbon chain lengths	
			ranging from one to and	
			including five, with varying	
			amounts and positions of	
			chlorine substitution.	

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California Hazardous Waste Status

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status		
Methylene chloride 75-09-2	Toxic		
Methanol 67-56-1	Toxic Ignitable		

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note Based on package size, product may be eligible for limited quantity exception.

<u>DOT</u>

UN/ID No UN1950
Proper Shipping Name Aerosols
Hazard Class 2.1

<u>IATA</u>

<u>UN/ID No</u> UN1950

Proper Shipping Name Aerosols, flammable

Hazard Class 2.1

<u>IMDG</u>

UN/ID No UN1950
Proper Shipping Name Aerosols
Hazard Class 2.1

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

Chemical Name	TSCA	DSL/NDSL	EINECS/E LINCS	ENCS	IECSC	KECL	PICCS	AICS
Methylene chloride	Х	Х	X	Present	Х	Present	Х	Х
Hydrocarbon Propellant	Х	Х	Х		Х	Present	Х	Х
Methanol	X	Х	Х	Present	Х	Present	Х	Х
Ethoxylated Nonylphenol	Х	Х	Х		Х	Present	Х	Х

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Methylene chloride	1000 lb 1 lb		RQ 1000 lb final RQ
75-09-2			RQ 454 kg final RQ RQ 1 lb final
			RQ
			RQ 0.454 kg final RQ
Methanol	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ
67-56-1			RQ 2270 kg final RQ

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

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Acute Health Hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	Yes
Fire Hazard	Yes
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	Yes
Reactive Hazard	No

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Methylene chloride - 75-09-2	75-09-2	60-100	0.1
Methanol - 67-56-1	67-56-1	1-5	1.0

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Methylene chloride		X	X	

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals.

Chemical Name	California Proposition 65	
Methylene chloride - 75-09-2	Carcinogen	
Methanol - 67-56-1	Developmental	

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Methylene chloride 75-09-2	X	X	Х
Methanol 67-56-1	X	X	Х

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Health Hazards Flammability Instability **Special Hazards** NFPA Not determined **Personal Protection Health Hazards Flammability Physical hazards HMIS** Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined

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Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet